

# THE DEMOCRATIC PRESS.

W. H. HARRIS, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.  
RAVENNA, THURSDAY, NOV. 24, 1870.

## NEWS ITEMS.

The Woman's Suffrage Convention commenced at Case Hall, Cleveland, on Tuesday morning, to remain in session two days.

A dispatch says that George Francis Train has again been arrested by the Agents of the Provisional Government, and is now in jail at Lyons.

Wentworth is again on the walk. He commenced the task of walking 400 miles in five days, at 12:15 on Monday morning.

It is said that Grant has purchased an elementary spelling book and a copy of Webster's Unabridged, and it is suspected he is engaged in the preparation of his Annual Message to Congress.

A destructive fire occurred at Baldwinville, twelve miles from Syracuse, N. Y., on Sunday morning. Among the structures destroyed are several large flouring mills. Loss estimated at \$100,000.

The census returns show the population of the State of New York to be 4,370,846, being an increase of 490,411 during the last ten years.

The wooden mill of David Dyers, at Malden, Massachusetts, with its contents, including the machinery, was destroyed by fire on Saturday night last. Loss \$40,000.

BURNETT SCALLES, a colored Baptist minister, was murdered near Topeka on Thursday last. Mrs. Scalles, the wife of the murdered man, and a young colored man named Louis Ford, have been arrested on suspicion and committed for trial.

The Supreme Court of Ohio adjourned sine die on Thursday. The next term commences December 5th, and the first fifty cases on the docket will be called December 6th.

GRAZING contentions prevail among the people of Cleveland owing to the breaking of a hundred feet of the water pipe at Kentucky Street Hill, causing a deluge in the vicinity and threatening to cut off the water ration of the people of the city who rely upon the city Water Works for their supplies.

SENATOR SPRAGUE arrived at Washington last week. He says Chief Justice Chase is fast recovering his usual health; that he has not had and has not any idea of resigning.

The Duke of Aosta has been elected King of Spain by the Cortes, by a vote of 191 against 120. No disorder has been reported, though Madrid is animated.

The Ohio carpet-bag Senator from Alabama, Willard Warner, will be permitted to return to the house after 1871, as the Democrats have the control of the Legislature of that State.

GENERAL SCHENCK has finally consented to contest the election of Campbell, in the Dayton District upon the single point whether the inmates of the Military Asylum have the right to vote. Congress is about to review the unanimous decision of our State Supreme Court, and will doubtless declare that the State has no rights which a Jacobin Congress is bound to respect.

The following from the New York Globe, a Republican paper, of November 9, will be read with interest (7) by those radicals who keep up a howl about New York election frauds:

"Disgrace it as the *Times*, *Times* or *Post* may, New York is a Democratic State, and it is time all decent men and journalists stopped the cry of dishonesty and trickery. The vote of yesterday shows that the Democrats are so strong in this State there is little need for them to resort to illegal means to carry the election.

THE TRUTH.—The *Notion*, a very able Radical organ, contains the legislation of the Republican party in the following emphatic language: "It is tolerably clear that nobody in the Republican party looks back to its performances in Congress during the last two years with any pride or satisfaction."

This recent court martial of the colored cadet for clubbing a white cadet over the head with a dipper, and using insulting language to others, resulted in his being sentenced to fatigue duty, but the War Department reversed the sentence and "honorably" acquitted him. The feeling against Smith is reported to be more bitter than ever before among the white boys of the institution. But it will be of no use for them to complain. They will yet learn that white men have no rights which radicals or negroes are bound to respect.

RICH DEVELOPMENTS COMING.—A late Washington telegram says: "It is reported that a certain Senator is drawing up resolutions based on the Grant-Cox correspondence, to introduce in the Senate as soon as that body meets, providing for a thorough investigation of the alleged corrupt use of money by William McGarran while trying to get a patent for disputed land claims. Some rich developments are anticipated, and those who claim to be familiar with the inside history of this case aver that the investigation will disclose astounding corruption on the part of officials, some of whom are in Congress. This is all in the honest Radical family.—'Let us have peace.'"

GOOD FOR ILLINOIS.—The Chicago *Times* of the 16th inst., says that the Democracy will have a majority in the House of Representatives of the Legislature of that State, and the Republicans probably a small majority in the Senate, and that if the Democrats do not have the majority in the two Houses, jointly, the division will be of such a nature as to secure the election of Judge Lawrence to the United States Senate. The same paper says that the majority for Logan, candidate for Representative at large, will scarcely exceed 5000.

In South Carolina the Lanthier Governor, three Congressmen, eleven members of the Legislature out of one hundred and twenty-four, and one Judge of the Supreme Court are negroes. Obedient, very.

## Political Obligations.

An exchange presents the following sensible and well-timed views upon this subject: "A government of the people will possess such a character as the people chose to give it. The latter manifest no concern regarding legislation, take no interest in political contests, and remain away from primaries and the polls, they must not be surprised if venal men attain to public office, and legislative bodies are swayed by mercenary considerations. If good men will not take time to look after the administration of general and local affairs, they must expect that bad men will secure control of them. If corruption pervades the public service, fraud threatens the ballot-box, and local taxation is oppressive. The people are themselves, in great part, to blame for shirking their duties and responsibilities as citizens of a republic. It is the duty which every one owes alike to his country and himself to participate in political campaigns. Pecuniary, if no higher considerations, should impel the American citizen to personally labor to secure the best of office-holders and the best government. He should attach himself to the party whose principles embody his honest views, and then labor for its success. The whole theory of Democracy is based upon individual action. Its maintenance and perpetuation depend upon the activity and vigilance of the honest people. When such activity and vigilance are withdrawn, the dishonest and corrupt grasp the reins of power; the foundations of the republic are sapped, and the superstructure ultimately crumbles. Such is the teaching of every past republic.

"We repeat then, those of our citizens who, either on the plea of business or owing to disinclination, stand aloof from political contests, do a wrong to the country and to themselves. So long as they continue to leave primary meetings and nominating conventions to the control of professional trading politicians, so long as they keep away from the polls, and rather take pride in asserting that they have nothing to do with politics—a Democratic form of Government. Reform will come when the people do their duty, and no sooner."

Those Radical papers that sneered at Gen. Frank P. Blair, when he said that Grant would attempt to make himself a dictator, even before his constitutional term of office expired, ought to begin to realize by this time that there was much more truth than poetry in the remark. Gen. Blair fully understood the character of the man of whom he spoke. His repeated interference with the Southern elections, and the nature of his acts in relation to New York and Missouri leave no doubt that he has the will. It is perhaps, another question whether the way is open.

The Springfield *Advertiser*, (Radical) thus describes the material of which the Radical members of Congress from South Carolina is composed: "Apiring barbers, keen scented coxswains, successful boot-blackers, impoverished carpet-baggers, and needy adventurers, will represent the interests of South Carolina in the Forty-second Congress."

Ain't that something for the Radicals to crow over?

THAT'S WHAT THE MATTER.—The Baltimore *American*, Radical, says the niggers did the business for the Radical party in that city, when it admitted:

The prejudice which is entertained against the voting of the colored people contributed more to our defeat than all other causes combined. The negro has proved to be an element of weakness and not of strength, and it will take time to educate the masses up to an appreciation of the justice of his enfranchisement.

From all accounts, the recent election in South Carolina was the greatest farce ever enacted under a Republican government. The boxes were under the control of negro militia, and negro boys of all ages, says the Charleston *Courier*, were permitted to vote, and as often as they pleased. Thousands of respectable white men would take no part in the balloting, for the reason that they knew it would not be an honest election. The boxes are secretly held three days after the election, in which time half the ballots can be changed, if necessary, and then they are handed over to another set of men to be counted. The papers say that their carpet-bag Governor, Scott, might as well have saved the trouble of an election, and announced his favorites chosen.

The Political Prospect.—If the number of members of the next Electoral College were to be determined by the present representation in Congress, it would consist of 317 members, 159 of whom would be necessary to a choice. The States which have voted Democratic during the past year under the present apportionment are entitled to 181 electoral votes, more than enough to elect a Democratic President. Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas are not included in this count, and it is claimed that the States of the South will gain considerable in the next apportionment, while the New England States will fall off. The gain in Radical Western States will be overcome by the gain in New York and other Democratic States.

West Virginia.—The following are the full returns from the election in West Virginia: Majorities.—1st Dist.—Davis (Dem.)... 3,344 2nd Dist.—McGrew (Rad.)... 987 3rd Dist.—Hartford (Dem.)... 1,944 In the Legislature we have these glorious figures: Democrats, Radicals, House... 40 10 Senate... 26 26 Total... 66 26 Majority... 36 This will give us a United States Senator in place of W. T. Willey, Republican.

Every ward in the city of New York gave a Democratic majority at the late election. Hoffman's majority in the city is 52,037.

## The Fruits of Radical Rule.

The people of South Carolina have had the blessings of Radical Carpet-bag rule since the close of the war, and their people are groaning under the load of taxation imposed upon them by their present rulers. According to the *Cumtides Journal*, there are in Kershaw county 3,605 tax exonerations awaiting collection, involving the property of more than one third the entire population of the county. In Darlington county, 80,000 acres of land are advertised for sale for taxes. The *Pennsylvanian* says that one sixth of the entire area of the county is to be advertised. In Lancaster county, 9,002 acres are advertised. In Fairfield county, 45,000 acres of land are advertised. In Williamsburg county, 85,542 acres are advertised, or more than one sixth the area of the county. It is estimated that altogether about 1,000,000 acres will have to come under the hammer to satisfy the demands of the tax collectors.

A Wonderful Two Year Old at the Buckeye Track.—On the Buckeye track last evening, Dr. L. Herr, of Lexington, trotted, in the presence of a number of our citizens, his two-year old gelding, Mambrino Bertie. The colt was shipped to this city on Monday last, when out to the Buckeye track on yesterday, and although he has not eaten three quarters of a mile within the three days—despite the raw cold weather and the rough condition of the track—he made the fastest three trials ever shown by a two-year old trotter in the world. He trotted the first mile in 2:43½, without making a single slip!

After twenty minutes, without taking him out of the sulky, the colt repeated his mile, without a break, in 2:45½. After another interval of twenty minutes, without any other relief than a few swallows of water, he trotted two miles in the remarkable time of 5:29½, making the first mile in 2:41, and the second mile with three bad breaks, in 2:48½. In all his breaks he lost time, yet his two-mile heat averaged 2:44½ for each mile. Such an exhibition of speed and endurance was never shown by a two year old trotter in America before.

Mambrino Bertie is a dark brown gelding, fifteen hands across the withers high, finely finished in form, with as perfectly balanced trotting action as Dexter himself. He is a closely bred specimen, being by Dr. Herr's Mambrino Patchen, the full brother of Lady Thorne, out of his half sister, by Mambrino Chief.

Mambrino Bertie showed no distress after his wonderful performance, which makes him almost worth his weight in solid silver as "the coming trotter."—*Cin. Enquirer*.

The latest list of members elected to the next (42d) Congress makes the political standing of the members as follows: Democrats... 96 Radicals... 96 Free Trade Republican... 29

With 22 members yet to be chosen, of which the Democrats will probably elect 13 and the Radicals 9. In the present Congress the Radicals have 170 Democrats 51, Independent 5. With these facts staring them in the face the Radicals can't see any occasion for Democratic rejoicing. They think there "isn't going to be much of a storm, after all."

INDIANA.—The Democratic majority in Indiana, on the State ticket is about 2,600, and on the Congressional vote, 6,321. Yet the Democrats elect only five Members of Congress, and the Radicals six—a fact which shows how skillful the Radicals were in apportioning the State so as to set the will of the people at defiance.

The Radicals are beginning to agitate the question of their nomination for the Presidency in 1872. The faction designating themselves "revenue reformers" mention the name of Senator Trumbull for that position.

The name of ex-Secretary Cox is suggested in some quarters, while the office holders will hang on to Grant, who will use the entire patronage of the Administration to secure his re-nomination. The indications are that we will have a triangular fight in the next Presidential contest.

NEVADA DEMOCRATIC.—The latest returns from Nevada elect the entire Democratic ticket by a small majority. The Democrats elect the Governor, State ticket, and member of Congress.

PIOTUS SPORTS.—The San Francisco *Bulletin*, in its account of the commencement of the great Lottery in that city, says: "R. B. Swain made a brief address on the objects of the Lottery, and the method of conducting the drawing. J. W. Stow read a chapter of the Bible, the audience taking their hats off and excellent order being preserved. The committee appointed took their places and the drawing began."

WESTERN FASHION.—The Nevada *Silver State* says: "Gentlemen herabouts have a way of discussing political questions that is going to damage to surrounding property. Two of the boys had a discussion with six-shooters, last week, which resulted in a bullet hole through a billiard table, two or three others through doors, one through a counter (likewise, to wind up with, one pistol was thrown through the counter), one through a man's head (that is, through that part of the head which lies between the skull and hair), one through his right arm, and one bullet went into the left hand of a horse which stood in the street."

CONGRUITY, Radical candidate for Congress, was stumping his district in Indiana, and his Democratic opponent annoyed him by the following quotation from a speech made by him (Coburn) several years ago:

"Let no man go away from this meeting with the impression that I advocate negro suffrage in Indiana. The man who charges the Republican with any such design utters a Copperhead lie. Nobody in Indiana wants negro suffrage, and the Republican party hold that it is a matter for each State to decide for itself. This Copperhead lie is only an electioneering trick."

There are probably 50,000,000 acres of sterile plains between the Mississippi river and the Rocky Mountains. Some of them are too barren to produce anything, while some could be made productive by irrigation.

## The War.

There is little or nothing of interest in the despatches relating to the war between France and Prussia. A late despatch says that negotiations for an armistice are opened, which promises success. A correspondent of the *N. Y. World*, writing from Versailles on the 15th, gives a gloomy picture of the German situation. It seems that no bombardment of Paris is possible before next spring, as the heavy guns have not yet been brought up, owing to the muddy roads. They are constructing entrenchments in their rear to guard against an attack of the French. The hospitals, too, are said to be in a bad condition, being filled with sick, who die rapidly, and their places are immediately filled with new victims. The principal diseases are pneumonia and small-pox.

EUROPEAN COMPLICATION.—The cable despatches for the past week have indicated that a war is imminent between Russia, and England and Austria, growing out of the declared purpose of Russia to abrogate the treaty of Paris of 1856. Late despatches represent the warlike feeling as prevailing generally throughout Europe.

Secretary Fish on the European situation. WASHINGTON, November 19.—Secretary Fish said yesterday that the recent news from Europe indicated that Russia is really in earnest in her attempt to abrogate the provisions of the treaty of 1856, which relates to neutrality in the Black Sea, but thinks that war will not inevitably follow. He thinks it possible and quite probable that the result will be a peace congress of all the great powers of Europe, at which not only the Eastern question, but possibly the Prussian-French war was questioned.

Under existing circumstances, however, the future of Europe is purely problematical, and there may be ocurring influences at work which may produce entirely unexpected results. In the event of a peace congress it is not certain that the existing government in France will be disturbed or destroyed. The strength of a new Republic lies with the people themselves, and a fortuitous peace without a cessation of territory, will be equivalent to a guarantee of its future existence. The only element that can follow the republic is a Kingdom. Our communications with France are at present very brief. Mr. Schreiner is recognized here as the legitimate and only responsible representative of the French government. Washburne has been used by our government as a medium of communication for important matters, but notwithstanding the length of the war there have been but few subjects of importance requiring his mediation.

The strength of a new Republic lies with the people themselves, and a fortuitous peace without a cessation of territory, will be equivalent to a guarantee of its future existence. The only element that can follow the republic is a Kingdom. Our communications with France are at present very brief. Mr. Schreiner is recognized here as the legitimate and only responsible representative of the French government. Washburne has been used by our government as a medium of communication for important matters, but notwithstanding the length of the war there have been but few subjects of importance requiring his mediation.

CUBA.—Cuba is silent but still suffering. The conflict on that island has been going on so long that public attention may be excused from suffering distractions by greater quarrels elsewhere. But the situation is extremely bad. A momentary gleam of satisfaction is produced among the Spaniards when they learn that some leader of more or less importance among the Cubans has been killed, but affairs remain pretty much as before.

The Spanish commander-in-chief, who robbed a surrendered Cuban General of his fine horse, has made a nice little fortune of \$150,000 in a similar way, and gone back to Spain in disgrace. Gen. Zea assumes command in his place. A writer at Santiago de Cuba, a Spaniard, says that commerce is prostrate, and that credit and good faith are fast disappearing; also, that vice, misery and indolence are on the increase; after describing the misery in the department and the need for more troops, the correspondent says: Added to this hopeless picture, we have the national indolence and apathy of the country, which belittles its wealth disappearing without opposition. Every body complains of the situation, but nobody does anything to stop the war and vandalism of the enemy; all await the initiative and the activity of the government.

Valmaseda is proving himself neither a soldier nor a statesman, and there seems to be no one on the Spanish side who is able to close the war or to conduct it decently.

A Zoological Stranger.—Discovery of an American Giraffe, Seven Feet High. A gentleman who came down on the Fairport from Fort Buford, says the Sioux *Daily Times*, gives us the following information regarding a species of animal hitherto unknown on this continent:

Sir John E. Puckham, an officer in the English army, who has been spending the last year in Her Majesty's Northern provinces, arrived at Fort Buford with an animal of great beauty, and never before caught on this continent, nor had it been known in this country. It is of the same family of the giraffe, or camelopard, of Africa, and is known to naturalists as the *Antilocapra*. They are known to inhabit the high table lands of Cashmere and Hindoo Rosh, but more frequently seen on the high peaks of the Himalaya Mountains.

The animal was a young one, and was thoroughly domesticated, and follows its keeper like a dog. It is only four months old, and ordinarily stands five feet high, but is capable of raising its head two feet, which makes the animal seven feet when standing erect. It is of a dark brown or mouse color, large projecting eye with slight indication of horns growing out. This wonderful animal was caught north of Lake Athabasca, on the waters of McKensie's River. It has a very similar color to the pelican, by which means it can carry subsistence for several days. It was very fleet, being able to outfoot the fastest horse in the country. The deer hunter says that the animal's color make it one of the most beautiful animals in existence, more beautiful than the leopard of the Chinese jungle. Sir John did not consider it safe to transport the animal by water down the Mississippi River, fearing the uncertain navigation and the great change of climate from the Manitoba to the sunny South. He has therefore, wisely concluded to go by St. Paul, Minn. The commander at Fort Buford furnishes him an escort for the trip. He will then proceed through Canada to Montreal, where he will ship his charge to England.

OLD VIRGINIA.—The Democrats have elected a large number of members of Congress, being a gain of two members. This is pretty good, considering that the Radicals had the advantage of 15,000 negro votes registered in the State.

Mrs. PARTINGTON wants to know if it were not intended that women should drive the husbands, why are they not sent through the bridge company? There seems to be something plausible in the supposition, for nearly all the ladies are providing themselves with switches.

## The Twenty-fourth Annual Report of the Ohio State Board of Agriculture.

has just been published. This includes the report of the Board proper for 1869, abstracts of the proceedings of County Societies, valuable papers on various subjects, report of the State Horticultural Society, and Agricultural Statistics for 1869, &c., and forms a valuable book.

There were, in 1869, 2,323,754 acres of wheat, producing 26,499,729 bushels; 76,438 acres of rye, producing 851,902 bushels; 28,845 acres of buckwheat, with 224,706 bushels; 837,559 acres of oats, with 24,410, 665 bushels; 62,758 acres of barley, with 1,580,426 bushels; 2,302,356 acres of corn, producing 62,444,405 bushels; 113,865 acres of potatoes, producing 9,737,497 bushels.

There were 1,478,599 acres of meadow, producing 1,784,947 tons of hay; 401,623 acres of clover, producing 389 tons of hay and 99,370 bushels of seed; 89,076 acres of flax, producing 111,047 bushels of seed and 79,224,448 pounds of fiber; 21,251 acres of tobacco, producing 38,553,206 pounds; 53,641 acres of sorghum, producing 27,124 pounds of sugar and 1,715,160 gallons of syrup; 1,897 acres of sweet potatoes, producing 119,350 bushels. The 346,828 acres of orchards produced 15,618,685 bushels of apples, 1,444,523 bushels of peaches, and 147,022 bushels of pears.

From the 10,457 acres in vineyards there were gathered 3,794,899 pounds of grapes. There were pressed 156,025 gallons of wine. There were in the State 3,946,528 acres of pasture, 5,470,747 acres in uncultivated land.

MADISON, Nov. 17.—A fearful event occurred in the city court this morning. As an old man named Robert Dudley, a resident of the town of Fitchburg, was giving in testimony against a man who had assailed him in his house, he suddenly paused, gasped for breath, and in a moment slipped out of his chair, and died. A physician called in said death was caused by apoplexy.

## RAVENNA MARKET.

Buyers pay the following prices: Wheat... 10 00/12 1/2 Corn... 7 00/8 1/2 Oats... 5 00/6 1/2 Barley... 6 00/8 1/2 Potatoes... 4 00/5 1/2 Green Apples... 4 00/5 1/2 White Beans... 4 00/5 1/2 Butter... 10 00/12 1/2 Eggs... 15 00/16 1/2 Cheese... 15 00/16 1/2 Beef... 8 00/9 1/2 Pork... 8 00/9 1/2 Ham... 10 00/11 1/2 Sides... 10 00/11 1/2 Lard... 10 00/11 1/2 Honey... 25 00/26 1/2 Candles... 25 00/26 1/2

## DEATH OF A SENATOR ELECT.

PHILADELPHIA, November 18.—William W. Watt, Senator from the First District, died this morning. His decease will leave the parties tied in the State Senate. A special election will have to be held to fill the vacancy, but it cannot take place until after the meeting of the Legislature.

## OIL CONFLAGRATION AT TRUESVILLE.

A destructive oil conflagration occurred at Truesville, Penn., on Monday afternoon which consumed Stevens and Van Syckle's refinery, the factory of A. K. Murray & Co., and three small dwelling houses. Sixteen hundred barrels of oil were destroyed. Loss \$15,000.

## SIX OFFICERS OF THE MORRIS MILITIA

were arrested at Salt Lake City on Monday, by order of Governor Vaughn, for arming and drilling in violation of the proclamation of the late Governor Shaffer, and engaging in rebellion against the United States, under the law of Congress of 1862.

Governor Vaughn was a Confederate officer all through the rebellion. Let him remember the old hymn "There is no other power but mine."

The following table showing the number of feet in a mile in the different nationalities may materially assist the reader in understanding the relative positions of the forces engaged in the present Franco-Prussian war:

	Yards.	Feet.
English mile	1,760	5,280
Russian mile	1,066	3,200
Italian mile	1,066	3,200
Irish and Scotch mile	2,260	6,800
Polish mile	4,400	13,200
German mile	4,400	13,200
Swedish and Danish mile	7,373	22,529
Hungarian mile	8,830	26,990
French league	8,666	10,998

## Horrible Tragedy.

St. Louis, November 21.—A most horrible murder of a family numbering five persons was committed near Potosi, on the Iron Mountain railroad, in Washington county, last Saturday. The particulars, as related by the special dispatches to our paper, are as follows: John Armstrong and Chas. Jolly, miners working in the neighborhood, went to Potosi on Saturday to sell mineral. They drank freely in the town, and while returning home called at the cabin of David Lapine, a French creole, residing a mile and a half north of Potosi. While there a difficulty arose between Armstrong and Jolly and a sister of Mrs. Lapine. Mr. Lapine interfered to quiet the disturbance, when Jolly drew a revolver and shot the old man four times, killing him instantly. Jolly then turned upon Mrs. Lapine, who had endeavored to prevent the killing of her husband, and knocked her down with his fist, then shot and killed her. Armstrong in the meantime had procured an axe, with which he knocked down Mrs. Lapine's sister, and then coming to the head of all from their bodies. The two children were also murdered. The men then fired the cabin and burned it to the ground with the bodies of the butchered people in it. The murderers then fled and have not yet been captured, but the officers and a large posse of citizens are in pursuit, and their arrest is regarded as certain.

Glory! Nevada has been redeemed. Some little doubt still exists as to portions of the Democratic State ticket, but we have carried Governor and Congressmen. That is glory enough for one day. It is more than likely we have also carried the Legislature and the entire State ticket. This against the money of the chief monopolies of the Coast and the negro vote; against the most outrageous misrepresentations of the Radical press and stumpers. Every county heard from has Bradley-Douglas, Ormsby, Storey, Washoe, Humboldt, Elko, Lander, White Pine and Lincoln. The Republicans may have carried Lyon and Esmeralda counties, but if so, they are the only counties in the State. The country is safe—Nevada Silver State.

Mrs. PARTINGTON wants to know if it were not intended that women should drive the husbands, why are they not sent through the bridge company? There seems to be something plausible in the supposition, for nearly all the ladies are providing themselves with switches.

WANTED. 10,000 Pounds of Good Butter. For which I will pay the highest market price in cash. LYMAN S. WARD. Ravenna, Ohio, April 1, 1870.

WANTED. 10,000 Pounds of Good Butter. For which I will pay the highest market price in cash. LYMAN S. WARD. Ravenna, Ohio, April 1, 1870.

## A Terrible Deed.

The *Progres du Nord*, newspaper, gives the ghastly account of an eye-witness of war at Seissens. According to this statement, the prisoners, numbering about 4,000, after marching many hours under the escort of German troops, were ordered to halt and rest in the forest of St. Jan.—There, all of a sudden, a platoon and file firing opened on them from the front, rear and flanks of the column, causing terrible slaughter. Those who were able to escape fled into the woods, the Prussians killing each other, and in the excitement which followed, and peasants report that corpses covered the entire line of road in front of the forest. The cause of this terrible massacre is not definitely known.

According to some accounts, the soldiers of the Fifteenth regiment of infantry, exasperated at having been forced to quit Seissens without having attempted for its defense, as much as their courage inspired them with, furious at having received the order to abandon their post before their ammunition was nearly exhausted, and wishing, by an act of heroism, to gain some revenge, threw themselves, unarmed as they were, on the front of the escort, and engaged for a short time in a most unequal struggle against the Prussians, who are said to have immediately retorted by opening a sharp fire on them.

Rev. Wm. M. WATTS, late pastor of the Presbyterian Churches of Hookstown and Bethlehem, Beaver county, Pa., was recently tried before the Presbytery of Washington, Synod of Pittsburgh, on the charges of seduction, fornication and bastardy, and found guilty. He was sentenced to suspension from church membership and the gospel ministry until he gives satisfactory evidence of his repentance and acknowledgement of his sin and sorrow. He needs reconstructing.

When women become lawyers and jurors, babies may get to be criers in our courts.

## RAVENNA MARKET.

Buyers pay the following prices: Wheat... 10 00/12 1/2 Corn... 7 00/8 1/2 Oats... 5 00/6 1/2 Barley... 6 00/8 1/2 Potatoes... 4 00/5 1/2 Green Apples... 4 00/5 1/2 White Beans... 4 00/5 1/2 Butter... 10 00/12 1/2 Eggs... 15 00/16 1/2 Cheese... 15 00/16 1/2 Beef... 8 00/9 1/2 Pork... 8 00/9 1/2 Ham... 10 00/11 1/2 Sides... 10 00/11 1/2 Lard... 10 00/11 1/2 Honey... 25 00/26 1/2 Candles... 25 00/26 1/2

## MARRIED.

CLARK-SMITH.—In Shalersville, Nov. 14th, 1870, by Wm. Carlson, J. P., Mr. John Clark and Miss Maria Smith.

ROSE-HALL.—Nov. 15th, at the residence of the bride, by Rev. J. H. Tuttle, Dr. Ezra Rose and Mrs. Perkins A. Hall, all of Paltma.

## DIED.

PACKER.—In Shalersville, Ohio, Nov. 14th, 1870, of Cholera, aged twenty years and six months.

Mr. Packer was quite a prominent young man in the town, several times occupying important positions in the affairs of the community. He was a member of the Sunday School of the M. E. Church. Mr. Packer was generally well liked, and his death is a serious loss to the community. He was a native of Ohio, and had been a candidate for Recorder. His illness (consumption) was borne with much patience, and with a calm reliance upon him who holds our destinies in his hands, peacefully fell asleep—Sweet be thy repose. COIT.—In Shalersville, on the 15th inst., after a short illness, of typhoid fever, Burton O. Coit, aged 4 years.

## D. R. JENNINGS, D. D. S.

Operative and Mechanical DENTIST, 114 N. 1st St., Ravenna, Ohio.

## Lyman S. Ward's Advertisement.

NO. 3 Etna Block, East Front.

## GOLD AT PAR.

NEW AND FRESH.